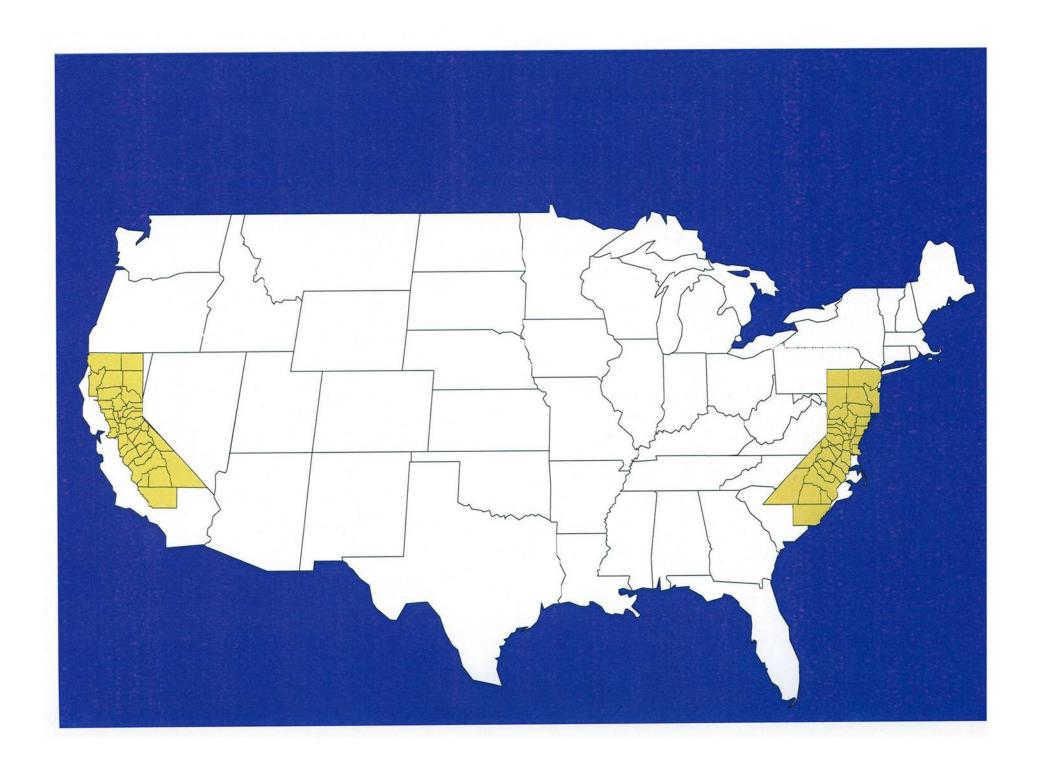
The Need for District Judgeships:

The Eastern District of California

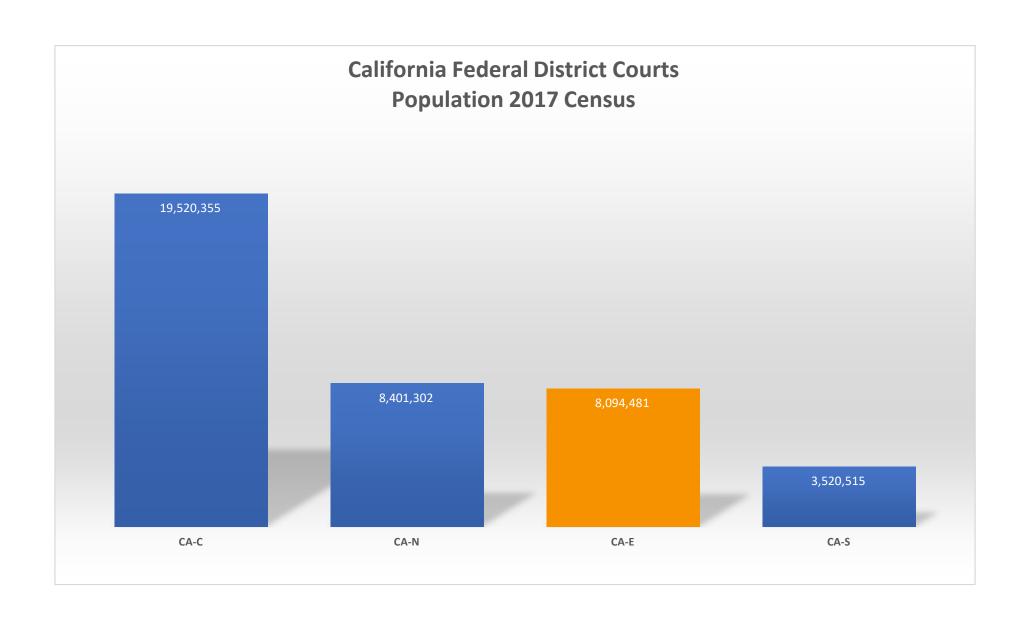
The Eastern District of California consists of 34 interior counties in California, including California's Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys.

It is equivalent in size to about half the entire Eastern seaboard of the United States.

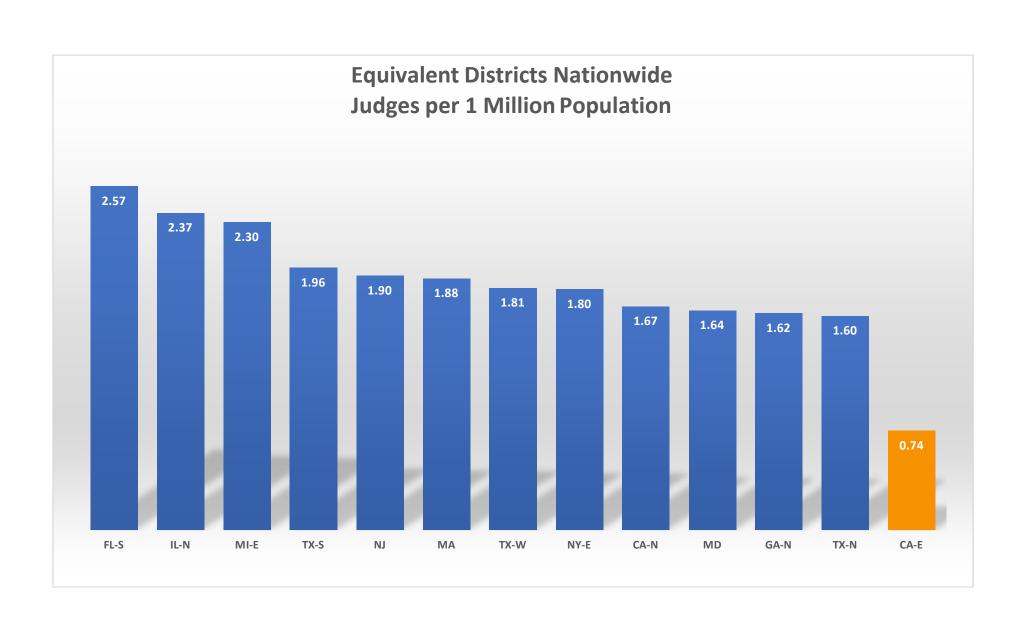


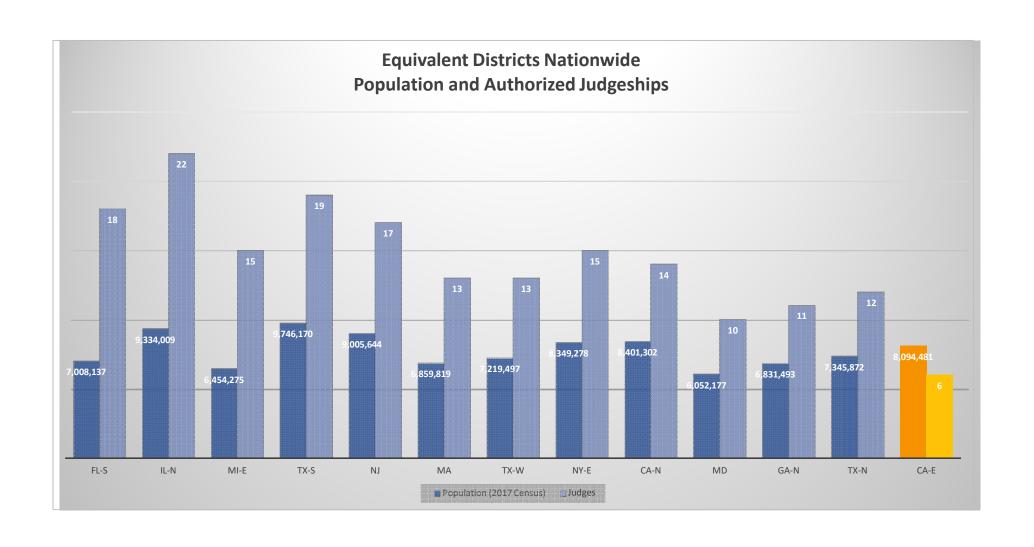
Compared to its closest geographic neighbors, the Eastern District's current population essentially equals that of California's Northern District, home to Silicon Valley.

Its population is more than double that of the Southern District, headquartered in San Diego.

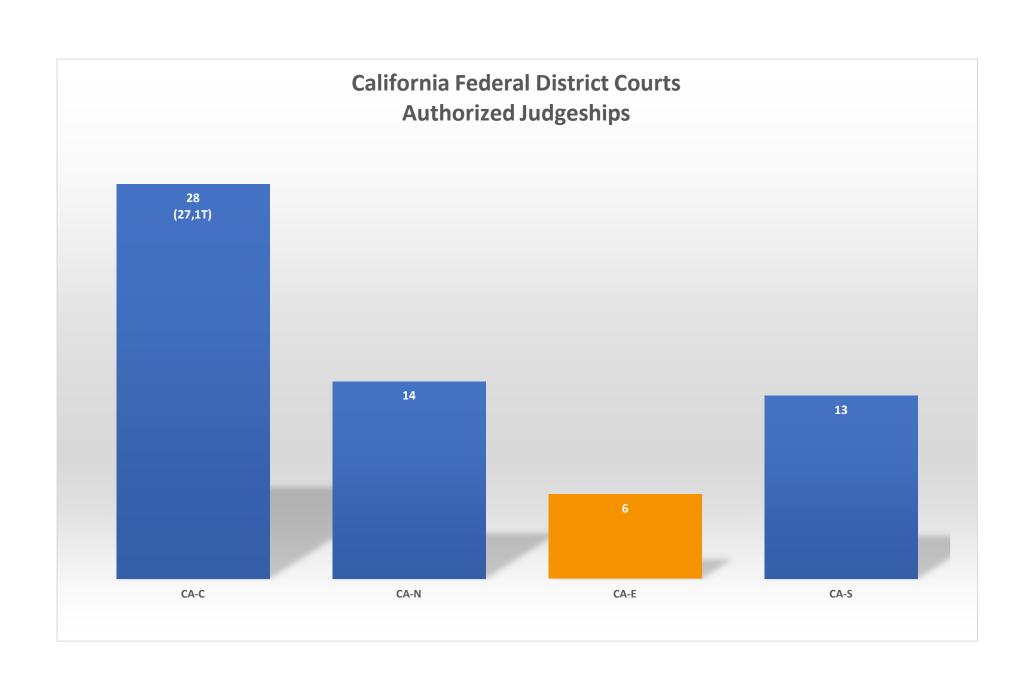


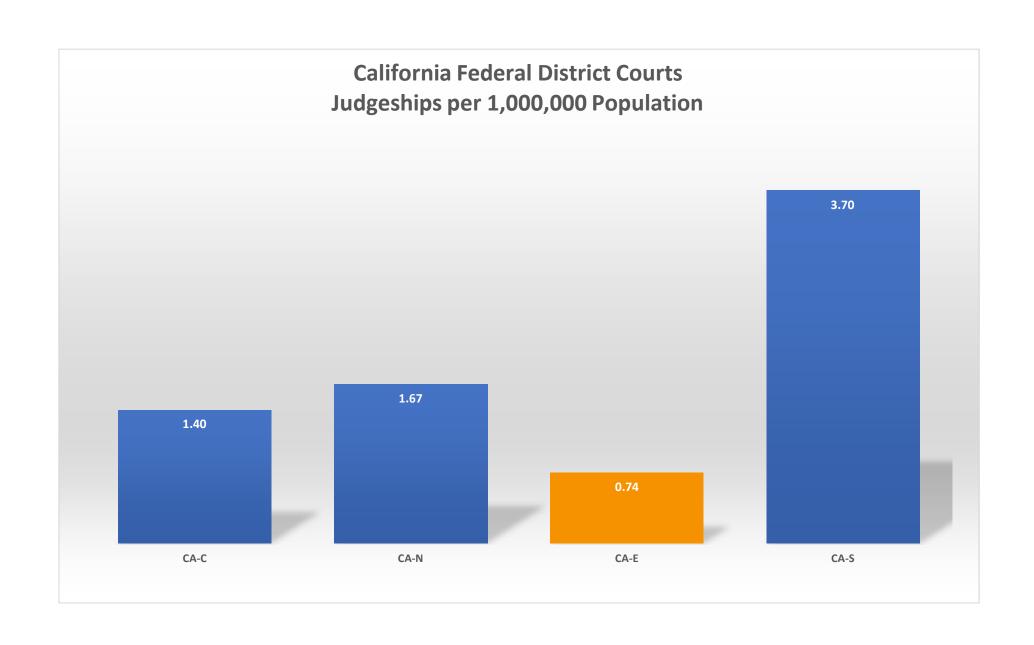
At the same time, compared to other districts nationwide with equivalent population, the Eastern District of California has been allocated by far the fewest judgeships...



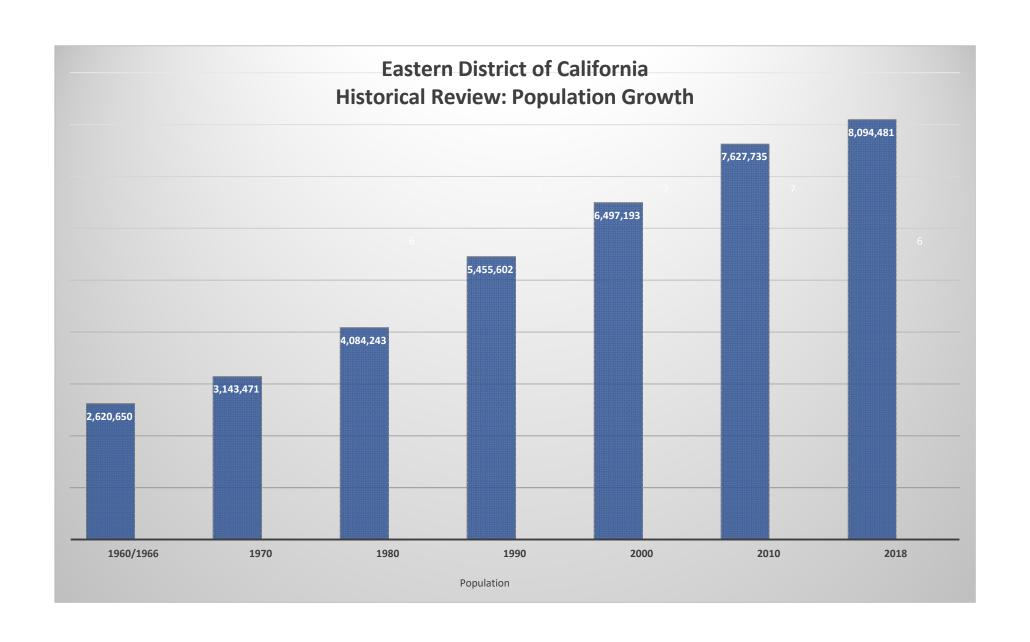


... as the ratio of judgeships to population share dramatically demonstrates.



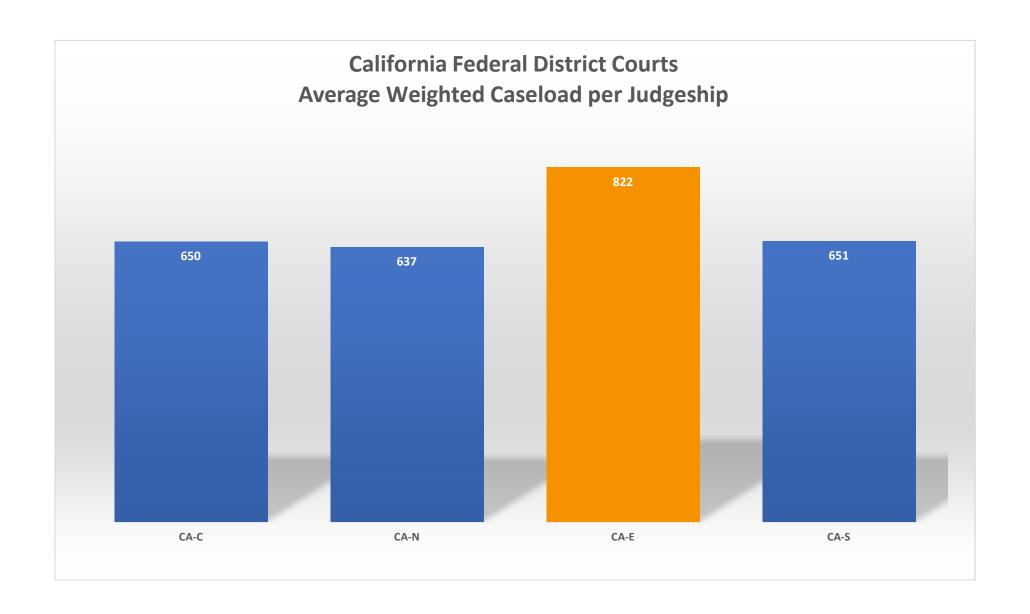


While the judgeship imbalance is worse than ever, it is not a new problem for the Eastern District; rather, it is a problem that has been worsening for nearly 40 years.

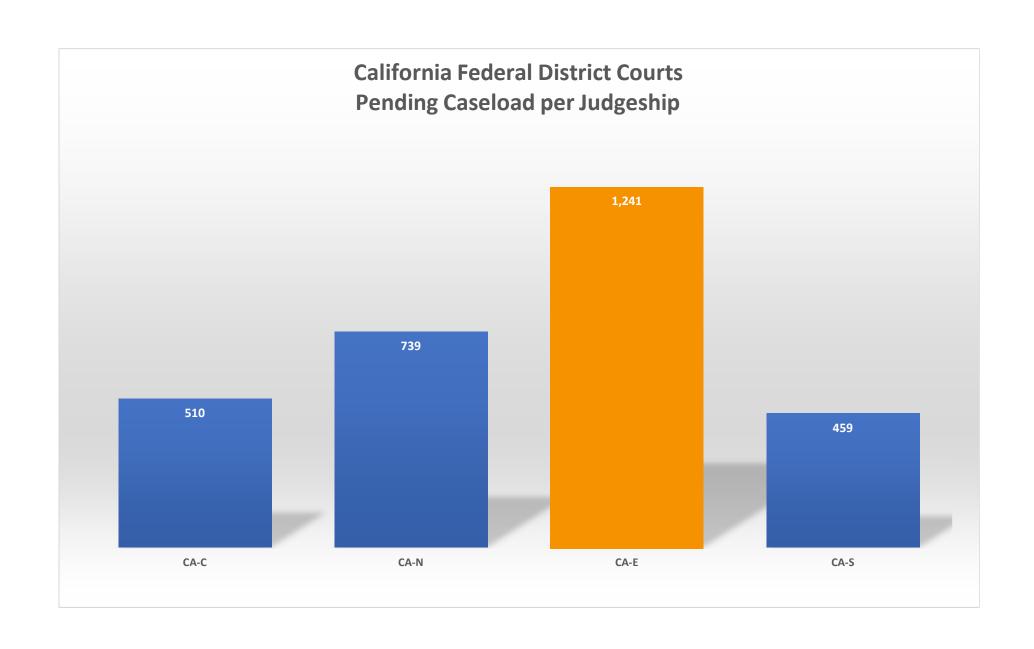


The District ranks at or toward the top of averaged weighted caseloads nationwide.

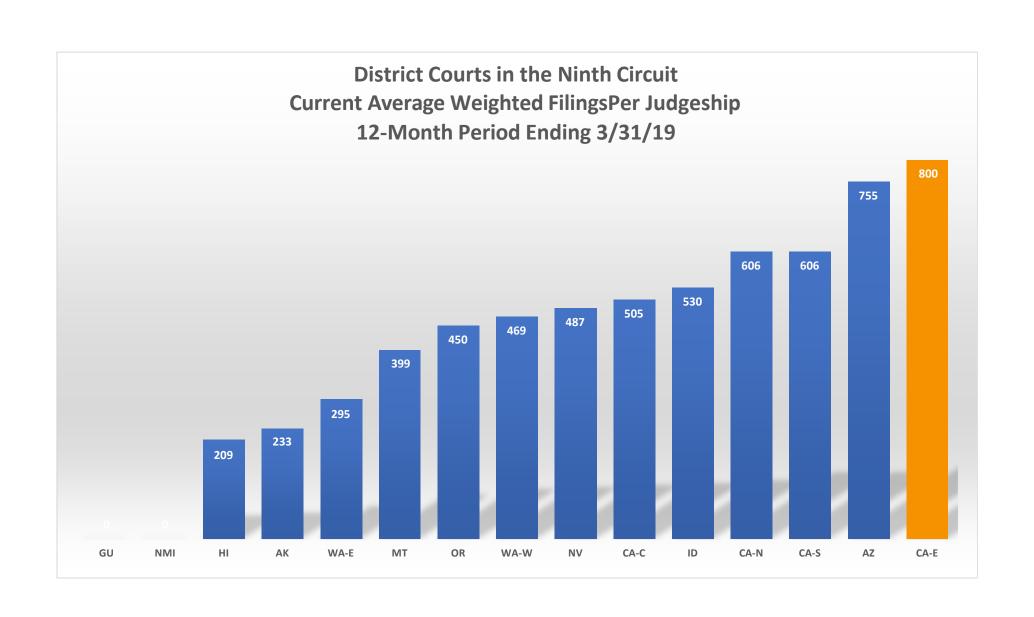
It also ranks at or toward the top in terms of productivity per judge.



The average weighted caseload adjusts the number of cases downward from those actually pending, based on estimates of the work needed to resolve particular types of cases.

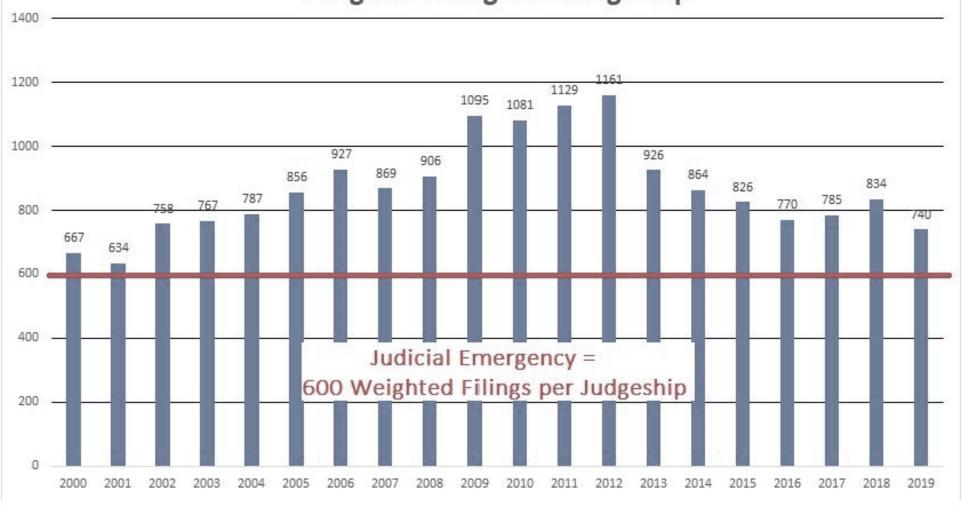


And the district carries the highest average weighted caseload compared to all other districts in the area covered by the vast Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals.

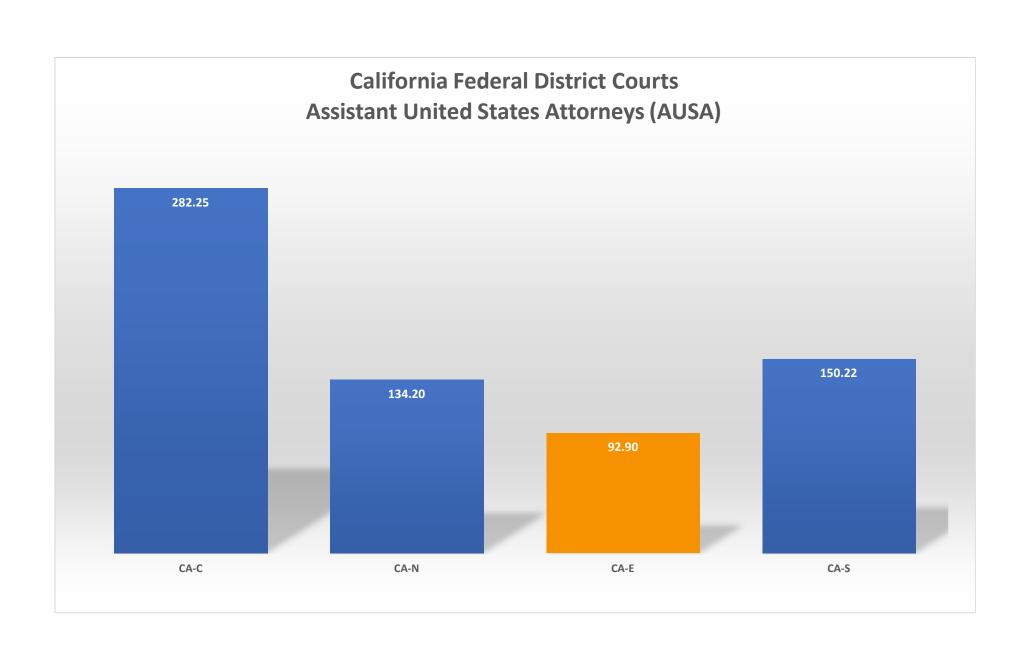


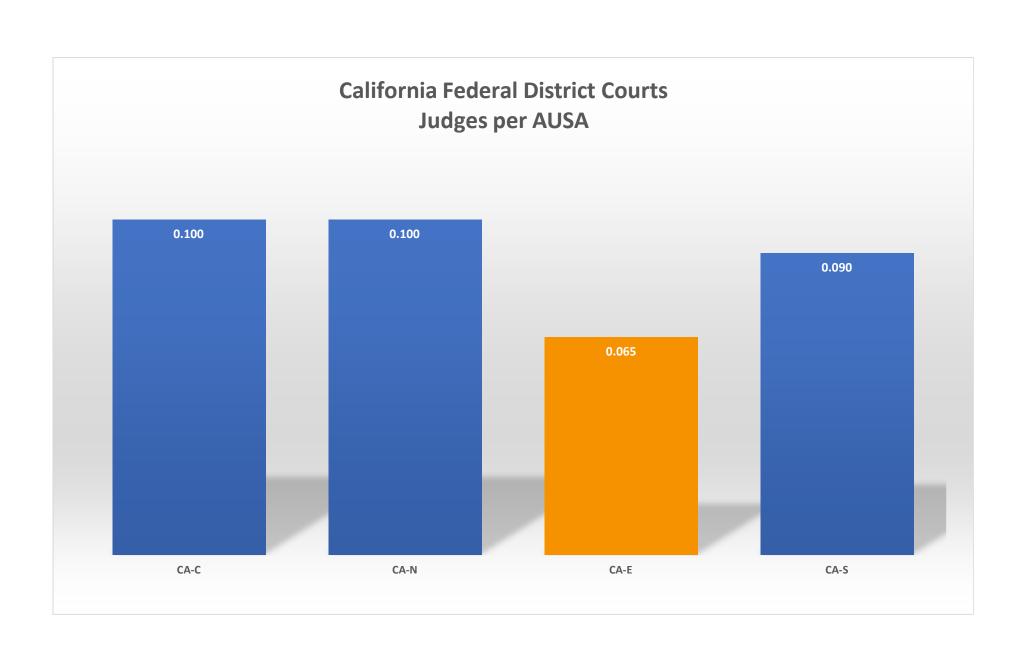
Given the heavy caseloads that come with a large, growing population, the District has operated in an emergency status since at least the year 2000.





Despite the District's population, the Eastern District's U.S. Attorney's Office has fewer prosecutors than other California districts.

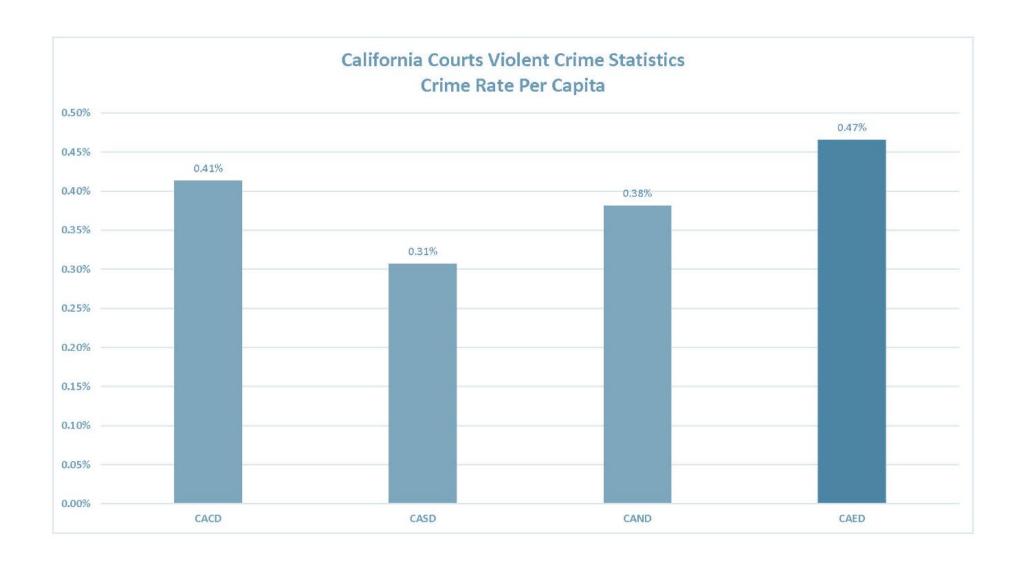




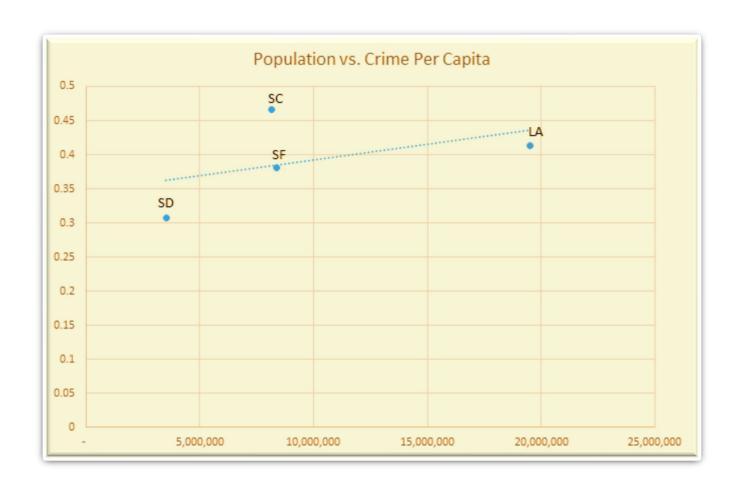
At the same time, however, since 1984, the number of prosecutors in the Eastern District has increased approximately five-fold.

During the same time, the number of district judgeships decreased by one.

The Eastern District's crime statistics demonstrate the need for robust law enforcement and prosecutorial resources.



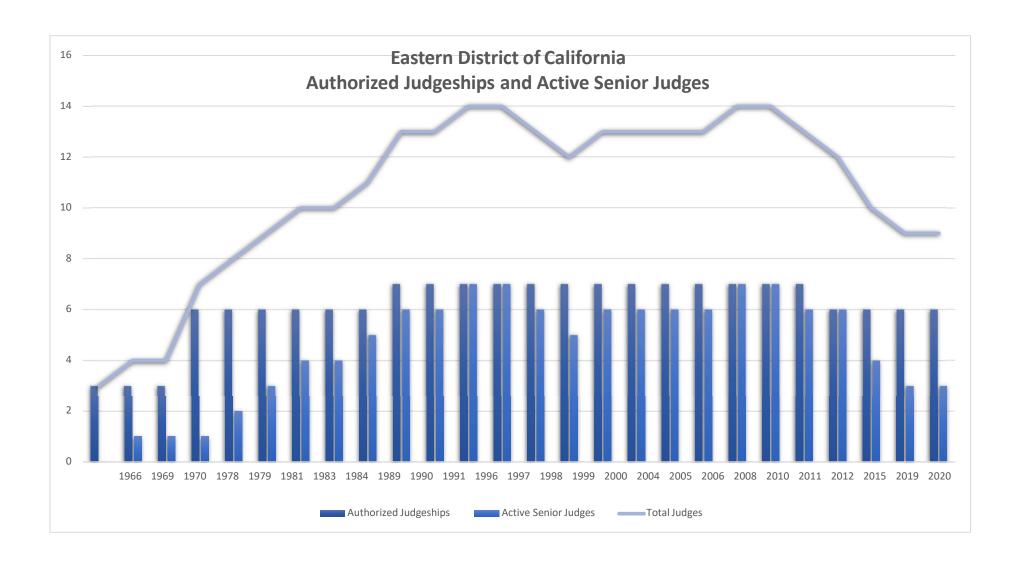
Seen another way . . .



Until now, the Eastern District has enjoyed the continuing service of a number of district judges after their taking of senior status.

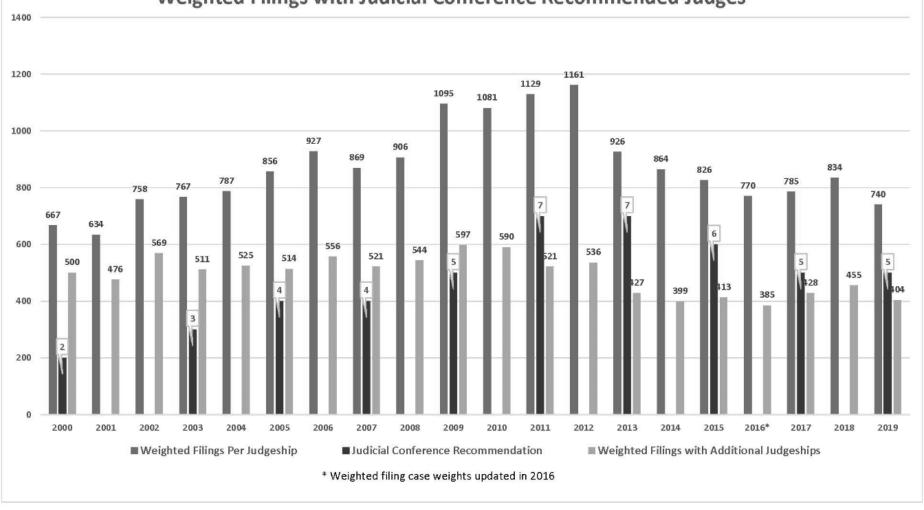
But the number of senior judges willing and able to assist the district has dwindled in recent years.

Two Eastern District judges assumed senior status in December 2019 and February 2020 respectively. One of these judges has taken active senior status, and is carrying a reduced caseload of criminal cases only. The other has taken inactive senior status and is not presiding over any cases.



For nearly 20 years, the Judicial Conference of the United States has identified the need for new judgeships in the Eastern District of California, recommending that anywhere from 2 to 7 new judgeships be created to adequately serve the District's burgeoning population.

Eastern District of California Weighted Caseload Filings vs. Weighted Filings with Judicial Conference Recommended Judges



One solution:

Amending title 28, United States Code,
Section 133(a) (California: Eastern) to
increase the number of authorized district
judges from the current six (6) to eleven (11).
This proposed increase is consistent with the
U.S. Judicial Conference's 2019
recommendation.

https://www.uscourts.gov/sites/default/files/ 2019 judicial conference judgeship recommendations 0.pdf. If the Eastern District is allocated five new judgeships, it may be able to justify assigning one new judgeship to its Bakersfield courthouse.

With a population of approximately 900,000, the Bakersfield area is the 62nd largest metropolitan statistical area (MSA) in the U.S. yet it has never had a district judge assigned to preside over cases there.

Currently, Bakersfield area residents must travel 110 miles to appear before a U.S. District Judge in Fresno.

By way of comparison, the 63rd next largest MSA in the U.S. (Knoxville, TN) has two district judges and two senior district judges resident there.

Another approach:

Omnibus Judgeship Bills have created new judgeships since 1977, with the most recent legislation in 1990.

The 2019 Congressional Research
Service Report on recent
recommendations by the Judicial
Conference for new U.S. Circuit and
District Court Judgeships provides
information on the three most recent
omnibus judgeship bills.

Table 2. Omnibus Bills Used to Create New Judgeships

(1977-2018)

Bill	Citation	Date Enacted	Description
Omnibus Judgeship Act of 1978	P.L. 95-486	10/20/1978	Created 35 circuit court judgeships and 117 district court judgeships (113 permanent and 4 temporary)
Bankruptcy Amendments and Federal Judgeship Act of 1984	P.L. 98-353	07/10/1984	Created 24 circuit court judgeships and 61 district court judgeships (53 permanent and 8 temporary)
Federal Judgeship Act of 1990	P.L. 101-650	12/01/1990	Created II circuit court judgeships and 74 district court judgeships (61 permanent and 13 temporary)

Source: Congressional Research Service.

Note: This table shows omnibus judgeship bills from 1977 through 2018 that created new U.S. circuit and district court judgeships.

a. For the circuit court judgeships created by the act, the legislation stated that the "President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, no more than 11 of such judges prior to January 21, 1985." For the district court judgeships created by the act, the legislation stated that the "President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, no more than twenty-nine of such judges prior to January 21, 1985."

And another proposal:

Draft legislative language for a "Judicial Usage Demands Greater Efficiency Act," creating a flotilla of district judges to be assigned for the life of the appointed judges based on need, available at:

George Everly, III & Michael L. Shenkman, District Judges As Investments, 53 Harv. J. on Legis. 59, 96 (2016).

Information Sources

(in order of slides relying on source)

Map of Eastern District superimposed on Eastern Seaboard: U.S. Attorney McGregor Scott (E.D. Cal.)

2017 Population Census Data per Federal Court District: Federal Judicial Center, Research Division

2019 Authorized Judgeships per Federal Court District: Federal Judicial Center, Research Division

Historical Data on Authorized Judgeships for Eastern District of California: 1960 – Present: Federal Judicial Center, Research Division

Average Weighted Caseloads per Federal Court District: Federal Judicial Center, Research Division Staff

Total Caseloads per Federal Court District: Federal Judicial Center, Research Division Staff

Data on Assistant U.S. Attorneys in California Federal District Courts: U.S. Attorney McGregor Scott (E.D. Cal.) & Executive Office of U.S. Attorneys

Data on Crimes per Capita in California Federal District courts: U.S. Attorney McGregor Scott (E.D. Cal.) & Federal Bureau of Investigation

Historical Data on Active Senior Judges Serving the Eastern District of California: Office of the Clerk of Court (E.D. Cal.)

Barry J. McMillion, Cong. Research Serv., R45899, Recent Recommendations by the Judicial Conference for New U.S. Circuit and District Court Judgeships: Overview and Analysis (2019).

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